Statement

Details of thermal power stations showing improvement in the Plant Load Factor where substantiar renovation works have been carried out

Sl. No.	Name of Thermal Power Station	PLF before commencement of R&M Programme (%)	PLF after implementation of partial R&M works (%) April 86 to March '87
1	I. P.	51	67·2
2	Bhatinda	50	58·8
3	Ennore	34	48·6
4	Kothagudem	35	56·2
5	Faridabad	32	44·0

Supply of coal to the power plant

888. SHRI PARVATHANENI UPEN-DRA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received complaints from the State Electricity Boards regarding insufficient • and untimely supply of coal to the thermal power plants;

(b) whether complaints have also been received regarding supply of shales and stones* including volatile matter alongwith the coal supplies to the power plants; and

(c) if *so,* what steps have been taken by Government ^ ensure adequate supply of good quality coal t_0 the Power Plants?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY AND THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI VASANT SATHE): Ctf t_0 (c) During 1986-87, against the assessed demand of 83. 41 m. t. of raw coal for power sector a quantity of 81. 53 mi. (provisional) was supplied. Coal linkages to the thermal power stations are finalised by the Standing Linkage Committee (short-term) on a quarterly basis, Standing Linkage Committee consists of the representatives of the Departments of Coal an4) power, Ministry of i Railways, Central Electricity Authority and Coal Companies etc. The Standing Linkage Committee takes into consideration the requirement of coal of individual power •' stations and linkages are established accordingly. Linkages are normally made by providing cushions to enable the power stations to build up stocks, besides meeting the increased power generation. Occasionally there have been some case^ of short supplies which are either due to less availability of coal with the linked coalfields °r due to restrictions imposed by the Railways on the movement of coal or due to the inherent problems of the thermal power stations themselves. In such cases efforts are made to supply coal to such thermal power Stations from the alternative sources.

All power stations are linked for coal supplies from various c°[a]l sources according to the qualitative parameters fixed for them by the technical experts, including representatives of the CEA. As if $_{ar}$ as possible, coal supplies are made to the thermal power stations as per programme fixed for them by the Standing Linkage Committee and also from the sources as determined by this Committee. However, there have been some complaints from the consumers about 'the *size* of coal, low 'calorific value and presence of extraneous material in the coal.

To ensure proper sizing and removal of extraneous material, Coal Handling Plants are being constructed at the collieries. Besides, several other steps have also been taken for improving the quality Which include;

(i) Setting up of an Independent quality control organisation in each coal company.

(ii) Breaking, up of oversized coal and segregation of extraneous material by manual means where CHPs do not exist.

(iii) The Coal Controller, as an independent authority has been given powers to determine the grades of coal _ seamsn the mines as also of the coal supplied to the consumers. He •' has powers to take samples and arrange their testing suo-moto o, ron complaint from any consumer. The Coal Controller's decision in the matter is final. -

Setting up of drug authority

'889. SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY. be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1322 given in the Rajya Sabha on. 9th March, 1987 and state:,

(a) whether the Drug Authority has since been set up by Government;

(b) if so, what are the details regarding its constitution and functions and

(c) if the Authority has not been set up, what are the reasons for the delay in setting up of such a machinery for implementation of the New Drug Policy?

TH#MINISTER OF STATE IN THfi DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R, K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) The new measures for rationalisation, quality control and growth of drugs and pharmaceutical industry which were, announced in December, 1986 envisage setting up of a National Drug and Pharmaceutical Authority (NDPA) with the objective of ensuring rational use of drugs by adequately testing their therapeutic efficacy. The time frame for setting up of NDPA, is one year.

Delicensing Scheme for the bulk drags

890. SHRI. PARVATHANENI UPENDRA; Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whetherthere is any proposal under Government's consideration to bring all new bulk drugs and related formulations developed in the country under the Delicensing Scheme;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether the drug industry has agreed-to make available the drugs intended to be used by weaker and vulnerable sections of the society; and

(d) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER 'OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): (a) and (b) All mew bulk drugs and related formulations developed through indigenous research have been brought under delicensing in the new measures announced in Dec. '86.

(c) and (d) Indian Drugs Manufacturer-Association (IDMA), Organisation of Pharmaceutical Producers of Iridh (OPPI), Pharmaceutical and Allied Pro ducts Manufacturers & Distributors Asso ciation (PAMDAL) and All India Manu facturers' Organisation (AIMO) hav given a memorandum indicating their wil lingness to make available essential drug at reduced, prices to Government hosp tals, provided certain additional incentiyi in the shape of increase in post-tax r lurn, packaging charges, trade margins et (to be absorbed in the prices) are give to the industry.